PARNELL AND PATRIOTISM

Unexampled Devotion of Irish Americans to their Native Land.

AMERICANS BACK TO IRELAND.

Influential Americans to Return to Erin to Work for Irish Nationality at the Elections.

The Irish Heart in America.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5 .- A large meeting of gentlemen who have been prominent in Irish National League matters in this city and Brooklyn, was held this afternoon at the office of Jo n Rooney, No. 145 Broadway, for the purpose of taking into consideration the best and most effective means of assisting Parnell in the coming elections for members of parliament.

John C. McGuire, of Brooklyn, was elected chairman, and General W. Kirwin secre-

Resolutions were adopted, setting forth that the general election about to take place for members of the English parliament "offers to members of the English parliament "offers to
the people of Ireland an opportunity to prove
their loyalty and devotion to Irish nationality, seldom if ever equalled in the history
of that unfortunate, misgoverned and persecuted country." The resolutions further assert the steadfast and unswerving indelity of
the Irish people to the cause of national independence and the great results accomplished
under the leadership of Parnell
and his associates; emphasize the
oppression and depopulation for Ireland
through the system of landlordism; give
warning to England that she has not only
depopulated Ireland to deal with, "that over
ten millions of her exiles of the Irish race on
this continent look on with anxious eyes and this continent look on with anxious eyes and with strong arms and willing hearts to render such assistance as may be needed by their brothers in Ireland to accomplish this end." They conclude as follows:—"Resolved; That we send fifty of the representative men of our race in the United States to assist Hon. Charles Stewart Parnell and his associates in the lustings for the purpose of electing the candidates selected and approved of by that heoric and trusted leader."

Following is a partial list of those who are named to perform this service: this continent look on with anxious eyes and

Following is a partial list of those who are named to perform this service:

Rev. Jas. Conaty, Woreester, Mass., Rev. Dr. O'Reilly, Detroit, Mich.; Rev. M. J. Dorney, Chicago; Rev. Dr. George C. Betts St. Louis; Rev. Father Cronin, Buffalo, N. Y.; Rev. James Taaffe, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Hon. P. A. Collins, Boston, Mass.; Hon. Jos. J. O'Donoghue, New York; Hon. John Boyle O'Reilly, Boston; Hon. John F. Finerty, Chicago; Hon. William E. Robinson; Brooklyn; Hon. M. S. Glannon, Davenport, Iowa; Hon. Martin A. Foran, Cleveland; Judge Prer dergast, Chicago; Hon. T. V. Powderly, Scranton, Pennsylvania; Alexander Sullivan, Chicago; James Mooney, Buffalo, N. Y.; John Deroy, New York; Dr. William B. Wallace, Dr. J. C. McGuire, Gen. M. Kirwin, Gen. Dennis F. Burke, Miles O'Brien, of New York; John C. McGuire, Michael Meagher, P. J. Harway and John Rooney, of Brooklyn; M. F. Wilhare, Philadelphia; D. C. Feely, Rochester, N. Y., and Hugh J. Carroll, Pawtucket, R. I.

The meeting adjourned subject to the call of the chairman. The meeting adjourned subject to the call of the chairman.
Chicago, Oct. 5.—Ex-Congressman John

CHICAGO, Oct. 5.—Ex-Congressman John F. Finerty being asked to-night whether he would accept the invitation tendered him to visit England and Ireland to work for the the Parnell party during the coming campaign, said that he had received no intimation that any such scheme was on foot. Without giving any reason for declining, Mr. Finerty said that he should probably not be one of the proposed party.

Of the gentlemen named the following have already signified their willingness to

Rev. Dr. O'Reilly, Detroit; Rev. M. J. Dor ney, Chicago; Rev. Dr. Geo. C. Betts, St. Louis; General M. Kirwin, New York; John C. McGuire, Brooklyn; Hugh J. Carroll, Pawticket, R. I., and Hon. John J. Rooney, New York ew York. Money for their expenses will be forth-

t Chicago, Oct. 5.—Alexander Sullivan, expresident of the Irish National League of America, was seen at his home to-night by an president of the Irish National League of America, was seen at his home to-night by an associated press reporter, who showed him an account of to-day's proceedings at the meeting of the New York Irish-Americaus and asked him the question point blank: "Will you go?" Very promptly came the reply: "No. I shall not go, because I see no benefit to be derived to the movement from such a visit. The people of Ireland are not suffering for oratory and do not need to be unged to support Parnell. They understand the Irish cause too well, and they realize the necessity of organization and united action. They need moral and material aid from their kindred in the United States. A much better service than visiting them in Ireland can be rendered to the Irish people by the gentlemen named in your list if they will proceed to enlarge the membership of the league in the United States and to raise funds to aid Parnell, irst, in electing, and second, in compensating members of his party after their election. After that, if we have surphus energy and funds, we ought to aid in establishing art and industrial schools, and by other means aid to revive the industries and commerce of Ireland. There would have been some courage in going over during coercion days and speaking plain English in blunt American style concerning the English cowardice in suppressing free speech. Now, Ireland enjoys free speech when she does. However poor she is in all cles, she is always rich in oratory. I favor the policy of aiding her in directions where she is poor that can be done better in this country than in Ireland." better in this country than in Ireland."

CHARLESTON, N. C., Oct. 2,-D. W. A Culbreath, brother of Culbreath, who was murdered by masked men at Edgefield, has sworn out warrants for the arrest of twenty-four persons in the so-called lynching, includ-ing Memphis Culbreath, son of the murdered

Alleged New Light.

CHEYENNE, Oct. 5 .- A Sun special from Green River says: Some testimony of a startling character, given to the grand jury to-day, is calculated to throw new light on transactions at Rock Springs during the re cent rlot there. The Rev. Timothy Thirlo-way, Congregational minister, who resided at Rock Springs with his family during the riot, made a sworn statement showing that the Chinese set are to their own donses in order to prevent the white men from robbing them of their money, which was buried in the ground underneath their dwellings. Subsequent events have shown this was the case, for as soon as the Chinamen returned to Rock Springs they commenced excavating under the rulns and in one instance recovered over \$6,000.

The Elections in France.

Pants, Oct. 5.-The results of the elections through France yesterday, for members of the chamber of deputies, "so far as officially" reported up to mean to-day, have created a great surprise, and chagrin among members of the cabinet and their colleagues. The con-servatives on the other hand are wild with enthusiassa over the fact that they succeeded enthusiasia ever the fact that they succeeded in politing a much larger vote than the most sanguine anticipated, making changes in the cabinet requisite. Return show that the conservatives won sixty scale in 17 of the 87 departments, and have also beaten two cabines ministers and made a second ballot necessary to decide the face of two others. The results of the elections in Lille, Marseilles and Paris has not yet been declared.

Paris, Oct. 5.—Midnight.—In eighty-one departments 165 conservatives and 141 republicates have cent elected. The conservatives have gained unnet; three sents and too five. It will be necessary to have 2021 second bal-

LONDON, Get, 5.—The Paris correspondent of the Dally News forceasts the election of 00 royalists and 160 radicals, the remainder seing moderate sepublicant, He adds:

Clemenceau is leading the solid radicals and becomes a political power of the first magni-tude. No republican government is possible without him.

PARIS, Oct. 5.-The Orleanists elected yes terday were chosen on the basis of promises of protection against American cereals and bacon.

Slaughtered Jail Birds.

GALVESTON, Oct. 5 .- A dispatch from Rusk, Tex., to the News says: Yesterday at the terminus of the Kansas City & Gulf Shore line, near Lupkin. Tex., sixty convicts working on the road made a desperate break for liberty, just as they had finished their supper. With a deafening shout they started up in a body and rushed for neighing woods. The guards opened hie on the fleeing convicts with deadly effects. Last reports say that twenty-live of them were killed or wounded. The prisoners ran in one large body and the guards simply emptied their repeating rifles and small arms into the moving mass. Rumors of an intended mutiny in this camp have been rife for some weeks past. These rumors were strengthened by the fact that many convicts were serving life sentences and were known to be desperate characters, and extra precautions were being taken. Every means possible is being used to recapture the twenty-new who succeeded in cluding the rifles of the guards. All avenues of escape are being guarded, and posses are being organized to scour the country. The scene of the outbreak is some miles from any telegraph office. break for liberty, just as they had finished

Political Excitement in Denmark. COPENHAGEN, Oct. 4.- The diet opened today, and it is probable that the session will be the most stormy that the people of Denmark ever witnessed. The relations of the contending parties are strained to the utmost and violent scenes are inticipated, as an at-tempt will be made to force the king to com-ply with the vote of the diet at the previous session to force his obnoxious ministers to resign. His majesty will also probably be the subjust of a science discussion for herior resign. His majesty will also probably be the subject of a serious discussion for having levied taxes by royal decree when the diet refused to vote them, and saying that he was determined to continue so to do until the representatives of the people return to a sense of what he conceives to be their duties. The people throughout Denmark are greatly excited at the arbitrary action of the king, and mayors all over the country refuse to levy the illegal taxes, and numerous political prosecutions resulted from denonstrations against the government.

The Plague in Canada. MONTREAL, Oct. 5 .- There were thirtyseven deaths from smail-pox here Saturday,

fifty-nine yesterday. A VICTIM'S DELERIOUS FREAK. MONTREAL, Oct. 5.-Braneau, who was se-Montreal, Oct. 5.—Braneau, who was secently taken to the hospital jumped through a window last night and ran through the streets with only his night clothes on. He ran into a passageway and commenced pounding on the door of a sesidence. The inmates becoming aroused went out and gave him a beating. A constable soon arrived and produced a light when to their horror they saw that the man was suffering with small-pox and that their hands were covered with blood flowing from pits on his face. The medical health officer was telegraphed for, Braneau was carried back to the hospital.

Tom Bowman's Reward.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia., Oct. 5 .- [Special to the BEE.]-A dispatch was received in this city to-day from Congressman Jere Murphy, of Dubuque, stating that Mr. Thos. Bowman had been appointed postmaster of this city, and that the formal announcement of the fact

would soon be made.

The removal of the present postmaster,
Armour, will doubtless be laid at the door of
"offensive partisanship," he having accepted
the republican nomination for county sheriff.
Armour jumped at the first chance for another
office, believing that his removal from the office, believing that his removal from the postoffice was only a question of time.

Mr. Bowman is a civil service reformer of mature age, and editor of the Globe of this

LONDON, Oct. 5 .- Parnell, speaking at an open air meeting in Wicklow, said that home rule would stop all the disloyal proceedings and outrages and thirst for ceedings and outrages and thirst for disunion. The Irish, he claimed, would then become like their countrymen in British colonies, loyal citizens and props to the constitution. An Irish parliament would be compelled to protect native industries against England in order to obtain to a fair start, but such protection would not last long,—probably not longer than two or three years. He concluded by warning England that unless home rule was granted, the Irishmen would sooner or later have revenge and would help in destroying the British Empire, "Cheers."

Some More Appointments. WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.-The president today appointed the following postmasters: Edward T. Besh, Neligh, Neb.; Forrest L. Whedon, York, Neb.; W. N. Swail, at Belvidere, 101.; Peter McCamley, Grand Rapids, Wis.; Thomas Bowman, at Council Bluffs, vice Philip Armour, suspended; Cha. G. Hagnauer, Highland, 101., vice Louis Kinn, suspended; Wm. H. Hensley, at Columbus, Neb., vice H. J. Hudson, suspended; J. D. Waterman, Rockford, 101., vice Thomas G. Lawler, suspended.

Lawler, suspended. THE ROUMELIAN REVOLT.

DELAYING DIFFERENCES. CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 5.- The ambassadors yesterday held a conference on the Roumelian question, lasting a few hours. The discussion took a wider range than was anticipated and provoked some difference of opinion, which has not yet been sittled. This may delay the delivery of the identical note to be addressed to the powers and afterwards to be submitted to the porte.

A Six-Round Knock-Out.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Oct. 5 .- A prize fight took place this evening between John Sheridan, of Chicago, and Thomas Gillespie, of Philadelphia, on the bank of the Seneca river-near here. Six rounds were lought. Sheri-dan was knocked senseless in the last round. and the aght given to Gillespie. Both con-testants were badly punished. Only afteen persons were present.

Boycotting a Woman. DUBLIN, Oct. 5 .- Notice was posted yesterday at the gates of Mrs. Morgan O'Connell's homestead, Kildysart, ordering members of the league to shun her at mass and not sit in the same gallery with her. Mrs. O'Connell attended mass and was sole occupant of the

The Pittsburg Boiler Explosion. PITTSHURGH, Oct. 5.—Jacob Linder and Cawley Stein, injured in Friday's boiler ex-plosion, died last night, making four deaths Two others are very lew and are not

The Roumelian Revolt. London, Oct. 5. - A dispatch from Berlin to the Standard says that the powers have all agreed to mivine the poste to recognize the union of Roumella and Buigaria under the

The Dilke Scandal. LONDON, Oct. 5.-The Globe to-day denles that the case of Crawford versus Sir Charles Ditke has been dropped. The trial, it says, will probably come off in December.

Business Pailure. Chreago, Oct. 5.—Merrick A. Richardson, a hardware dealer 75 Lake street, made an as-signment to-day. Alabilities given at \$55,000; Besets \$10,000. NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—Julius Mendelsohn, furs, assigned to-day with preferences appounting to \$10,000.

RONE Oct. 5.—There are 172 new cases of holess and is deaths from this disease reported in Faircone, perserday.

WIRED FROM WASHINGTON.

News of the Past Day from the Seat of National Government.

SPANISH-AMERICAN COMMERCE.

The Eternal Alabama Commission-Monetary Show of Better Times-Increasing Custom Duties, Etc.

WASH, NGTON, Oct. 5 .- The treasury department is receiving an increased demand for small currency, which is regarded by the officials of that department as a sign of a revival of the business of the bountry.

The commisioner of customs has instructed the customs officers to make a return at the close of each quarter of all the unclaimed merchandise in the public store, bonded warehouse or customs house. No such returns appear in the accounts of collectors as now rendered.

Mr. A. B. Dickerson, of New Jersey, has been appointed chief of division in the office of the comptroller of the currency, vice F. A. Miller, resigned. Mr. Dickerson was recently appointed chief of division in the sixth auditor's office.

The court of commissioners of Alabama claims met this morning after its summer recess and resumed the consideration of current business. Judge Harlan, presiding judge of the court, made public announcement of the recent decision of the first comptroller of the recent decision of the first comptroller of the treasury that salaries of only such employes as were named in the organic act would be allowed in settling of the pay account of the court and said that therefore if the other employes continued in their present duties, it would be with the expectation that provision will be made for their pay by congress. The regular forces have notified the court that they will continue in their present duties with that understanding. All the principal attorneys for the claimants before the court have signed an agreement to pay certain sums of money to loan or advance to clerks or other employes of the court, not to exceed the amount due to such persons as salary and authorized by existing law. This action is taken on the ground that the expenses hitherto incurred by the court are in the opinion of the attorneys just and reasonable, such as the court was authorized to incur; that all such expenses will mrst be deducted from the money now in the treasury before the balance will be apportioned among their clients; that by reason of such fact such expenses are in the end to be paid their clients, and that unless ome provision is made for paying clerks and employes, the court will not be able to dispose of its business and the interests of their clients will suffer.

Washington, Oct. 5. The postmaster general has made private inquiry into the antecedents of Mr. McKnight, who was recently appointed to a position in the postal card agency at Castleton, N. Y., and has satisfied himself that he is not identical with the contraction of the same name who, it is alleged, has been gulity of irregularities in this city. Washington, Oct. 5.—Minister Foster called at the stace department this morning and spent an hour with the secretary The court of commissioners of Alabama claims met this morning after its summer re-

materially reduced in American markets. On the other hand he was alive to annoyances to which merchants and ship-owners are subjected by reason of the Cuban onerous regulations and excessive taxes and fines in the absence of any any commercial treaty between the United States and Spain. To mitigate these annoyances, lessen the burdens upon shipping and generally to re-duce the friction of our Cuban trade were the purposes with which he reorgand pergulathe purposes with which he reopened negotia-tions through Mr. Foster at Madrid, Washington, Oct. 5.—The commissioner of the land office has been informed that the operations of R. C. Bloomfield, an English-man, manager of the Arkansas land and cattle commissy recently convicted at Deuver

of procuring fraudulent entriess upon public lands, were of the most audacious character. All of the cowboys in his employ were forced to make entries in his behalf, and then he would set up "paper men," or in other words, made entries in names of persons who had no existence. His conviction is to be a little to the control of the control of the complete of the control of the complete of the control of the c

made entries in names of persons who had no existence. His conviction, it is hoped, will have a wholesome effect on others who have been guilty of like practices.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—Commissioner Atkins, of the Indian bureau, left this city today on a tour of inspection through various Indian reservations. As the Holman investigating committee is about to visit some of the northwestern agencies, the commissioner northwestern agencies, the commissioner joined the committee, which left this afternoon for Indian Territory, From the terri-tory Commissioner Atkins will proceed to San Carlos, N. M., and make personal inves-tigation of the condition of affairs at that agency and of the troubles that led

that agency and of the troubles that led to the Geronimo revolt.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—It has been ascertained that an engrossed bill authorizing the attorney general to begin proceedings looking to the annulment of patents obtained through fraud or misrepresentation, together with all papers relating to the measure, has disappeared from the ales of the senate committee on patents. The bill was passed last session by the house The bill was passed last session by the house of representatives, and referred by the senate to the patent committee, but was not brought before the senate for final action. Senator Platt, chairman of the committee on patents, has written to this city requisiting a thorough investigation of the circumstances thorough investigation of the circumstances surrounding the disappearance of the bill. Officers of the department of justice do not attach any importance to the loss, holding the attrorney general as ample authority under the existing statutes to institute suits to test the validity of the ratents.

New York, Oct. 5.—A special from Washington to the Post says: Some of the leading friends of the Hennepin canal project have recently disclosed an important feature in

recently disclosed an important feature in their programme for the coming winter. Their war cry is to be, "No Hennepin, no river and harbor bill." Supporters of the project were last year embarrassed by the question which was raised in the house. The objection was that the new committee on rivers and harbors had no juris-diction over the subject of canals, and that consequently its report had no standing ha the house. The preliminary device that has been suggested as necessary to overcome this difficulty is to change the name of the new river and harbor committee to "the committee on waterways." This, it is maintained, would give the committee jurisdiction.

He Helped Hang a Man.

SHENANDOAH, Iowa, Oct. 5 .- C. D. Lester, stock dealer, committed snielde to-day by shooting at Burlington Junction Springs He was a well-known man and an old friend of President Cleveland, having been deputy sheriff of Eric county, New York, when Cleveland was sheriff. No cause for suicide

Old Hoosier War Horses.

INDIANAPOLIS. Oct. 5. - Pursuant to a plan that Hon, W. H. English has been maturing for the past eight years, a reunion was held today of the survivors of the Indiana consolidated convention of 1850. The body consisted of 150-members. Of these, thirty-three are yet alive, and nineteen answered to the roll call. Proudent among thom were Vice President Hendricks, Hon. W. H. English, accretary of the convention. Hon. W. S. Holmes, General George Whiteneld Carr, president of the convention, General William Mckee Bunn, of Washington, Judge Morace

P. Poole, formerly of the supreme court. Among those absent are General R. H. Milroy, of Wyoming territory, General A. P. Horey and Christopher C. Graham, of Red Wing, Minn. Mr. Carr presided, and Mr. English acted as secretary. There was a public meeting to-night, Jarzely attended, at which several addresses were made. Among the speakers were Vice President Hendricks, Hon. W. H. English, General Bunn and Colonel Richard Taylor.

Two Bad Officials. NEW ORLEANS, La., Oct. 5.-The depraved condition of the civil service under the pres ent democratic ring rule in New Orleans is shown in the indictment by the grand jury of David Burke and William Brennan for stabbing with intent to kill. The victim was an old negro preacher, who was on his way home from church. Burke, who was drunk, jostled him off the sidewalk. The negro ran, and Burke and Brennan and the gang of hoodlums, of which they are chief, overtook him, knocked him down, beat and kicked him, and then stabbed him and left him for dead. Rushe and Brennan are deantly know, bear

him, knocked him down, beat and kicked him, and then stabbed him and left him for dead. Burke and Brennan are deputy keepers of the Boys' Honse of Refuge. Burke is awaiting a new trial on a carge of burglary. He escaped conviction by one juryman holding out at the last term of court, since which time he was detected abdueding and searching one of the witnesses for the prosecution. Brennan, one Sunday morning last summer, shot and killed a negro he was gambling with, and is awaiting trial for manslaughter. Upon the arrest of these parties under their new indictment their bond was promptly signed by the Hon. Patrick Mealey, commissioner of police and municipal head of the correctional and referentory institutions. Some time since a body of moral and religious gentlemen, representing all phases of Catholic, Protestant and Hebrew faiths, organized as a prisons and asylums commission and petitioned the council to turn the house of refuge over to teen, but the council has refused to grant their request, as it would materially diminish the patronage of the department of police. The institution is characterized by the city papers as "Mealey's College of Crime," and the facts justify it. In the old times the boys were educated and given their choice of half a dozen industries, and were taught to support themselves; now they play cards and dice, and when they come out are hardened sinner, fixed only for politics or the penitentiary.

Racing at Brighton Beach.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.-This was a day of changes and carprises at Brighton Beach. Favorites suled autocratic in some of the races, and disappointed their backers sorely in others. The track was lumpy but not

Five-eighths mile, for maiden two-yearolds—Laura Garrison won, Grace C. se. ond, I. H. D., third. Time, 1:97.

Three-quarters of a mile, for maidens, all ages—Rushbrook won. Wiriston second, Emma Gillette third. Time, 1:20%.

Seven-Eighths of a mile—Pilot won, Nonage second, Jo Murray third. Time, 1:344.

Notage Second, 30 Martin Won, Weasel second, Mile—Tom Martin Won, Weasel second, Bay Rebel third, Time, 1:4614.

Mile and an eighth, for three-year-olds—King George won, Strabismus second, Lucy Lewis third. Time, 2:9034.

Decrease of Fire Losses. NEW YORK, Oct. 5.-The New York Daily Commercial Bulletin of October 6th estimates the fire loss of September at \$6,525,000, which is less by \$38700,000 than in September of 1884, and some \$300,000 less than the average September fire waste of the past ten years. The Bulletin gives a list from its own files, of 165 fires where the reported loss was \$10,000 and upward. But there were only seven fires of \$100,000 or more during the month and only one which exceede: \$300,000. The fewness of large fires is considered the cause of so favorable and hopeful a sign. The diminui-

ber is pronounced an encouraging symptom. The Same Old Accident.

DES MOINES, Oct. 5,-Yesterday noon while John and Henry Borton were hunting near Altoona, Iowa, the former was fatally injured by the discharge of the gun of the lat-ter. John had climbed through a barbed wire fence and Henry was following him, when the gun caught in the fence, being dis-charged with the above result. The load struck the injured man in the right thigh, tearing it almost considerly away. He lived tearing it almost completely away. He lived but a few hours.

DES MOINES, Oct. 5.-Edwin Good, aged 9 years, was mortally wounded this afternoon near the International distillery by the acci-dental discharge of a revolver in the hands of a companion. They thought the weapon was

A Big Land Suit.

OXFORD, Miss., Oct. 5,-An important suit between Col. B. H. Evers, of London, England, and Thomas Wilson, of Chicago, involving the ownership of 1,000,000 acres of land in this state, has been finally disposed of in the United States district court here by a decree of Judge Hill, in which all the lands are awarded to and revert back to their original owners, Col. Evers and associates.

The Cheese Market.

CHICAGO, Oct. 5.-Inter-Ocean Elgin, Ill. special says: On the board of trade to-day there were regular sales of 5,100 pounds of cheese at 61/0001/c for skims. Regular sales of butter aggregated 19,740 pounds at 21c.
Private sales of 1,028 boxes of cheese and 19,200 pounds of butter were made. Total amounted to \$10,286. Depression in butter trade is generally regarded as unaccountable.

BOSTON, Oct. 5 .- The following is from the official statement of the earnings and ex. penses of the Union Pacific railway for August: Earnings, \$2,321,135, a decrease of \$86,575 compared with the same month last year. Expenses and taxes, \$1,307,181, an increase of \$134,573. Surplus earnings, \$1,021,954, a decrease of \$221,148. For the eight months to August 31st, earnings, \$15,860,655, an increase of \$607,713; surplus carnings, \$,311,400, a decrease of \$534,494.

DETROIT, Oct. 5.- The custodian of the Sault Ste. Marie canal reports to Gen. O. M. Poe that the business of the canal was greater during the month of September, than any month in its history, exceeding that of the previous month by more than 16,000 tons. An interest ng fact in that connection is that the tye traffic for the month named exceeded that of the Suez canal nearly 50,000 tons.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6 .- For the Missouri

alley: Fair weather, slowly rising temperature, variable winds, generally shifting to south and west, and lower barometer.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Oct. 5.—There was a light frost here last night.

Dernoir, Oct. 5.—Show has been reported from Marshall, in the lower part of this state.

A Blaze on the Docks. JERSEY CITY, Oct 5 .- Fire broke out tonight in Taylor's machine shep and soon communicated to N. & H. O'Donnell's coop-erage warehouse, Goky's dry dock and Jones & Whitmore's dry dock. The loss will prob-ably reach \$400,000.

Knights of Labor Assembly. HAMILTON, Ont., Oct. 5 .- The annual gen eral assembly of the Knights of Labor opened here to-day. Grand Master Workman Pow-derly, of Scranton, Pa., presided. There were over 200 delegates present.

"TheShaughgraun" at the Altar. SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 5 .- The Sydney (Australia) Herald announces the marriage of Dien Bonceleault to Miss Thorndyke on September 9.

Base Bail. At Philudelphia Athletics 9, Brooklyn 1, At St. Louis St. Louis 2, Philadaphia 2 SPECIAL TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

A Full Complement of the World's News Exclusive to the Bee.

CURBING PAPPA'S PASSION.

The Caper of Three Rich Young Men-A Sensational Divorce Caso In Chicago - Miscellany.

Shearing an Adventuress.

CHICAGO, Oct. 5.-[Special to the BEE.]-Saturday afternoon John A. Lynch, James D. Lynch and Thomas Lynch, the three sons of Thomas Lynch, the rich distiller, were arrested at the instance of Lena Banz, a woman living at 521 Wells street. The evening before these young men called at her house, and forcing entrance, cut off her long blonde hair. Various and conflicting reports have appeared in the papers, but the real facts in the case were given to the BEE representative this morning by one of the sons. Said he: "We have known for some time that

father was paying considerable attention to this woman. It annoyed us greatly, not for silly reason advanced that we feared a stepmother, and in consequence a smaller division of the estate, but because she is a divorced woman and a woman of no standing whatever in society. We continued to suffer this annoyance, recognizing father's perfect right to choose his own companion and to enjoy her society as he pleased without a word of interference from us until when, the other day, we received a letter written as we feel satisfied at the instigation of the woman, in which it was intimated that she or the writer possessed a knowledge of facts which, if made public, would smirch the fame and good name of our mother, now, dead, and that this stuff would be d sclosed if we did not encourage our father's attentions to her. That letter of course made us very angry, and we determined at once to see this woman. We were placed in a delicate position, and it was agreed that the worst we could do was to cut off her hair, as a reminder of our determination not to have our mother's name carclessly handled. It is a matter of deep and sincere regret that two use were forced to take any steps in this unpleasant affair but mother idolized us boys, and we in turn reverence her memory and will defend her

name against the world." James D. Lynch is widely known and well received in the best social circles of Chicago. In his manner and bearing he is polished to a marked degree, and his accomplishments are many and varied. He has good standing in business circles. J. A. Lynch is engaged in the commission business on South Water street, and has been very successful. Thomas Lynch, Jr., is a gentleman of leisure. Mrs. Banz is a divorced woman. She lives in the lower part of a two-story brick house that is sadly in need of repair, at No. 521 Wells street. When visited this morning she refused to open her door, but shouted her remarks through it. As near as could be learned, she said: "Wait till Thursday afternoon when

An Embezzling Spouse.

CHICAGO, Oct. 5 .- [Special to the BEE.]-John C. White, in former years a prominent citizen of Chicago, but now a resident of Rio Janeiro, Brazil, in his capacity of secretary of the legation for the United States government, is the principal defend at in a suit begun to-day in the superior court by his wife, Susie C. A. White. This lady is residing in Bassett, Neb., and is a daughter of the late Thomas Ashley, of Westneld, Mass. The parties were married in New York October 12, 1876, and she s ys that she then was possessed in her own right of about \$64,000 derived from legacies. She further states that she lived with her husband off and on during trips to Europe, brief stays in this country, and also in the capital of Bra zil, but she has been separated from him for the past twelve months, owing to his alleged ill treatment of her. No specifie acts of cruelty are cited. Some years ago, she claims, her husband induced her to intrust him with the investment of some of her funds. Yielding to his glowing description of the profitable nature of the purchase of real estate on the north side of Chicago, she ays she gave him \$4.00) for that purpose, and he assured her, she asserts, that the value of this land would double very shortly, he being well acquainted in Chicago. She says that she believed her husband, and also that he had bought the land in her own name, as well as some alleged government land-800 acres-to buy which, she claims, she gave him \$2,000, and a series of additional smaller sums afterward. Lately, she says, she came herself to Chicago to investigate and found that her husband had misstated things to her. Instead of "on the north side" the land was located in Lake View and was not nearly so valuable. It was recorded in his name instead of her's, the title being clouded besides. She also claims that he must have appropriated to his own private use \$600 of the \$4,000. He had taken a Russian fur cape and some oil paintings which had been her own private property in payment of that sum. As to the government lands, she found things still worse, she says, a certain William G. Ewing holding that in trust for her husband. Prayers Against the Plague.

MONTHEAL, Oct. 5. - [Special to the BEE.] -

Reference was made to the small-pox epidemic in several of the Catholic churches of this city yesterday. Priests earnestly entreated the people to submit to the counsels of the medical authorities and vaccinate at once. At St. James church Father Fillatrault delivered a forcible address. He said that, although he had attended bundreds of smallpox patients during the last fourteen years, he had ne ver contracted the disease. He believed it was owing to his having been vaccinated. The address made a great impression on the congregation, which is the aristocratic French congregation of the city. Hundreds expressed their inten ion of getting vaccinated at once, and a heavy rain storm prevented an out door procession of the Catholic congregations to invoke the intercession of the Virgin Mary to stay the progress of the epidemic. The procession took place, however, inside the French parish church on Notre Dame street which was crowded, fully 10,000 people being present. A statue of the Virgin, which was carried in the procession, is a very old relie belonging to the seminary of St. Sulpice, and was brought from France early in the eighteenth century, and has been used for one hundred and lifty years in times of special returning of thanks for mereles veucleafed.

the church, with several assistants, all in their

Stolen Art Treasures. Boston, O.t. 5,-[Special to the BEE.]-

Some time last night, burglars entered the house of Fred L. Ames at North Easton and stole from his art gallery four of his most valuable paintings. One was the work of Meyer Von Bremer; another by J. F. Millet; the third by Theodore Ronsseau and the fourth by Zeybec. They were all removed from their frames. The pictures are well known to artists and buyers, and it would 'e useless to try and dispose of them in thi country. It is thought they will be carried to Europe and sold at some out of the way place Mr. Ames went to New York Sunday nigh and he is the only one who can give any in formation as to their history and real value.

A Pauper Pilferer.

SPHINGFIELD, Neb., Oct. 5 .- [Special to the BEE. |- Last night one of the paupers in the Sarpy county poor house showed his great usefulness to his keeper, Mr. S. C. Sprague, by stealing from the family two overcoats, three suits of clothes, one satchel, watch, pair of boots and about \$17 in eash, the whole amounting to about \$130. He was traced to Springfield Sunday morning, where it is thought he took the 4:55 train for Omaha, making good his escape.

Latonia Park Races. CINCINNATI, Oct. 5.-The track was heavy

and the weather cold. The attendance for the opening day was large. Seven furlongs-E iter won, Lady of the

Lake second, Grey Cloud third. Time 1:33,
Mutuals paid \$14.25,
Mile—Irish Lass won, McBowling second,
Mocking Bird third. Time 1:48,
Three-quarters of a mile—O'Fallon won,
Sir Joseph second, Porter Ashe third. Time Mile and one-sixteenth-Mira won, Little

Fellow second, Guydette third. Time 1:57. Mile and one-quarter—Freeland won, Conking second, Loftin third. Time 2:13)4.

The St. Louis Fair.

St. Louis, Oct, 5.-The St. Louis festival began to-day with the opening of the twentieth fair of the agricultural and mechanical association. There was a large attendance. The fair excels any preceding one tendance. The fair excels any preceding one and is especially strong in the line of stock. The trotting races at the fair grounds track to-day although in high classes, brought out a number of good goers and attracted much attention. The track was heavy from the late rains, but will become hard and fast with good weather.

Three minute class, mile heats, three in five, purse \$1,000, divided—Dick Stauffer won, Royal Mont second, Prince Edward third, Euclid fourth. Best time 2:27½.

2:30 class, mile heats, purse \$4,500, divided—Kittle Kilburn won, Lizzie Wicks second, Gladis third, Reference fourth. Best time 2:25½.

Communists in Council.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 5.-The congress of the socialistic labor party was opened to-day by W. L. Rosenbery, secretary of the national executive committee. About seventy-five delegates are present from all parts of the country. The report of the national execu-tive committee, showing the growth of social-ism during the past year, was read. The re-mainder of the day was spent in considering

One Hundred Miles Bicycling. Bosros, Oct. 5 .- The one hundred miles bicycle race was won by George Weber in 6 hours and 57 minutes, heating the world's record by 14 minutes, and the best American ord by 1 hour and 29 minutes.

After Weber, Ires came in second in 7
ours, 5 minutes and 10 seconds; McCurdy

An Equine Obituary.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 5.-W. H. Wilson's great trotting stallion, Indianapolis, died at Cynthiana this afternoon. The stallion was shipped from Peoria, and by mistake was brought to Lexington instead of Cynthiana. Arriving here on Saturday he was led to Cynthiana, a distance or twenty-six miles. Exposure brought on inflamation and he died

An Instructive Contrast.

The weighty commercial disadvan-tages under which any city labors, whose people are ruled by a few corporation influences, is well shown by the Philadelphia Record in an article which we publish below. While railroad compeition does not always compete, especially in a new country, combinations rarely combine for any length of time to the fetriment of powerful communities, able to throw their traffic away from lines which refuse to treat them fairly. In cities especially, in a multitude of railway lines unde different manage-

ments there is safety: A New Orleans contemporary, trying to convince its readers of the necessity of more adequate railway facilities in se-curing the trade of the large area of country naturally tributary to that city, holds up Chicago as a model worthy of imitation and Philadelphia as an awful example of the policy which should be avoided. Although Philadelphia has an excelled natural advantages for manufacturing enterprises and is favor ably located for foreign, constwise and interior trade she find therself crippled and hemmed in by reason of insufficient lines of communication north, west south and southwest. She has two trunk lines of railway, which own or control all the shorter lines or camils with which they might otherwise compete. Philadelphia interests are thus made subordinate to the interests of her railroad companies, and she is made to occupy a secondary position compared with New York. The oil trade has been forced away from her wharves. Having great natural advantages for obtaining cheap fuel she is nevertheless obliged to purchase high-priced coal and has lost her distinctive place as the first manufacturing city in

the country, On the other hand, Chicago, which started 159 years behind Philadelphia in the race for commercial importance, and has no better natural advantages, has twenty-two independent lines of trunk railway radiating in every direction and including nearly 30,000 miles of tracks. Her advancement is one of the marvels of modern civiliza fon, and it is largely due to the fact that she has cultivated with energy, earnestness and foresight the development of carrying facilities for the states of the Upper Mississippi valley. She has built railroads, and the railroads have, in return, filled her warehouses with the greatest store of farm produc-

tion to be found gathered in one place in any part of the world. It is not to be wondered at that the peo-ple of New Orleans are bid to look to Chicago and to look away from Philadelphia in considering the future of that southern metropolis. But what will our esteemed contemporary on the gulf say that, in the opinion of our railway offi-cials, Philadelphia has stready too many railways under a divided control that they are scheming to bring all the lines under one management? If our contemporary had waited a little longer to run its parallel between Chicago, striding ahead under the impulse of conpetitive traffic and Philadelphia shrinking in comparative importance through the malign influence of railroad combinations, it could have made the contrast more startling. A city of a million people and one railroad is a enrious at onisly The procession was presented to the bradle of | anywhere outside of the Chinese empire.

BEEF AND BREAD BARGAINS

Live Stock and Cereal Speculation at Chicago Yesterday.

GRAIN AND CATTLE MARKETS.

The Day's Trade on 'Change and in the Yards-The Wheat in Sight-English Grain Trade.

WHEAT-Trading in wheat was on a limited

Chicago Markets. CHICAGO, Oct. 5 .- [Special to the Bee.]-

scale to-day and the feeling was generally easier. There was expectation of an increase of from 1,000,000 to 2,000,000 bushels in the visible supply report and a large portion of the traders seemed inclined to await its publication before taking any hand in the market. Foreign markets were reported very firm with an advancing tendency, but this was counteracted by a fear of increasing the stocks. The market opened at 86%c for November, sold off to 86%c, recovered to 86%c on fair buying and the wrong quotation of British consols on the "ticker," opening with an apparent decline to 90c, causing the market to forge quickly to 87c. When the consols quotation was corereted to read 90%c, there followed a sudden reaction and before the downward course was stopped. November had again touched 86%c. It rallied somewhat and closed on the regular board at 863/c. There was an easier feeling in the afternoon and the market closed 1/4c lower. Receipts were free at northwestern points and receipts here for to-morrow were estimated larger than

CORN-There was a stronger feeling in corn and oats and prices were advanced a frac-

tion.
Provisions-Provisions ruled very weak under very general selling pressure. Perk closed 10@15c lower than yesterday' While lard was 5c lower,

Chicago Live Stock. CHICAGO, Oct. 5.-[Special to the BEE.]-

CATTLE-The receipts of cattle for the day were 8,500 against 8,350 last Monday. Trade was slow and prices lower on everything except first class corn native steers and first class grass-fed rangers. Second class common natives were strong and 10e lower than on Friday and Texans were 10@15c lower ospecially on canning sorts. Among the offerings to-day were 5,000 to 5,500 Texans and westerns, about half and half, which would leave about 3,000 natives of all sorts. One train of prime rangers averaging about 1,200, sold for \$5,00, equally as good a price as at any time last week, and a few loads of prime, 1,400 to 1,500 lb. natives sold at \$5.85, 'These were the two highest sales of the day and they represent the two best lots of corn-fed and grass-fed cattle on the market. A few loads of good northwestern Texans made nearly as high prices as last week but there were exceptional sales and pick of stock offered were of low grade. Native stocks such as cows, bulls and scrubby steers were not wanted unless at extremely low prices. There was a fair supply of stockers and yearlings but little There were only five loads of stock calves or sale, and the chances were that they would sell equally as high as last week. Choice corn fed natives, averaged 1,500 to 1,600 pounds, \$5.75@5.85; good 1,300 to 1,600 pounds, \$5.00@5.50; fair, 1,200 to 1,300 pounds, \$4.00@4.50; common grass, 1,100 to 1,250 pounds, \$3.25@4.00; cows, 800 to 1,200 pounds. \$2,25@3.50; fat western natives, 1,200 to 1,350 pounds, \$4.40@4.80; fair fleshy, 1,100 to 1,200 pounds, \$3.25@3.75; fat western half-breeds, 1,100 to 1,200 pounds, 84.00@4.25; fair fleshy, 1,050 to 1,200 pounds, \$3.25@3,75; good west ern Texans, 1,000 to 1,000 pounds, \$3,40@3.75; fair 900 to 1,000 pounds, \$2.22@2.40; canners 800 to 1,000 pounds, \$2.75@3.35; shipping steers, 1,350 to 1,500 pounds, \$5,15@5.85; 1,200 to 1,300 pounds, \$5.60@5.10; 980 to 1,200 pounds, \$3.75@1.50. Stockers and feeders sold at \$2.55@3.75. Cows, bulls and mixed, \$2,00@3,80; bulk, \$2,75@3.40. Through Texas cattle, about 1,500 head, sold at \$2,50@3.10 for cows, and at \$2,85@3,45 for steers. Western rangers were in large supply and prices were unchanged. Natives and half-breeds, \$3.10@5.00; cows, \$2.80@8.30; wintered Texans, \$3.10@3.75. Sales-266 Montana, 1361 lbs, \$5.00; 221 same, 1200 lbs, \$4.65; 212 Wyoming, 1211 lbs, \$4.00; 96 Wyoming cows, 975 lbs, \$3.00; 90 Wyoming, 1260

\$3.60; 180 Oregon, 1119 lbs, \$3.50. Receipts of hogs for the day were 23,000 against 17,597 last Monday. The market was fairly active and prices rather irregular, but in a general way a big 10e lower all around. At the close about all were sold, but there was a weak and uncertain undercurrent, all anticipating a big run and lower prices for the remainder of the week. Rough and common sold at \$3,50@3,65; fair to good packing sorts, \$3.75003.85; choice heavy, \$3.95@4.10. When selling at the outside the lot was mainly made up of choice Philadelphias and market pigs. Light sold at \$3,90@4.10 for ordinary and \$4.15/a4.20 for singeing pigs. Roughand mixed, \$3.40@3.60; packing and shipping, 250 to 870 lbs. \$3.05@4.05; light weights, 130 to 170 lbs, \$3.10@4.15; lb0 to 2.10 lbs. \$3.50@8.85; skips, \$2.75@3.50.

lbs, 84.65; 255 Nebraska Texans, 1049 lbs,

Some Collective Figures. Cincago. Oct. 5.-The following figures taken from the official statement of the board of trade will be posted on 'clarge te-morrow.

They show the amount of grain in sight in the United States and Canada on Saturday, October 3, and the amount of increase or decrease over the preceding week:

Corn 4,021,554
Oats 4,025,123
Ryc 492,219
Rarley 492,219 *#S01,452 Amount of grain date named:
Wheat 511,309
Corn 511,309
Oats 18,409
Barley 134,779
Barley 18,500

English Grain Trade. LONDON, Oct. 5. The Mark Lars Express review of the English grain trade, says. Heavy gales of wind have prevailed with rain in the south and snow in the morth.

A material parties of the harvest in the north of England and in Scotland remains outstanding. The sales of Enviside wheat during the work were 72,666 quarters at 528 fel arainst 78,204 quarters at 528 fel arainst 18,204 quarters at 528 fel during the cere-specially week last year. Trade in Sweign is slow and values are against havers: Off coast trade is slow; she cargoes have arrived; two energies were sold, four were withdrawn, and nine remained, including two of California and one of theges. The market to-slay was shift and disappendating. English when it were not of condition, and buyens were specially, the interest were dearer. One were during American grades were dearer. One were during American grades were dearer.